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Mark Scheme (Results)

## January 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA0)
Paper 4HR

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- eeoo - each error or omission
- awrt -answer which rounds to


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another

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| Apart from Questions 4, 8, 15, 17 and 20b where the mark scheme states otherwise, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 600 \times 67.1(=40260) \text { or } \\ 67.1 \div 82.5(=0.813 \ldots) \end{array}$ |  | 3 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & " 40260 " \div 82.5 \text { or } \\ & " 0.813 . " \times 600 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 dep |  |
|  |  | 488 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { A1 } \\ & \text { SC: B2 for } 712 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2a | $\pi \times 150 \mathrm{oe}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
| b | $30 \times 60(=1800)$ or <br> $" 471 " \div 30(=15.7)$ | 471 |  | A1 awrt 471 |
|  | $" 471 " \div " 1800 "$ or <br> $" 15.7 " \div 60$ | 0.262 |  | M1 |
|  | Radius $=x-h$ or <br> $\frac{D}{2}=x-h$ oe | A1 for $0.26-0.262$ or ft from (a) |  |  |
| c |  | $h=x-\frac{D}{2}$ oe |  | A1 or $h=\frac{2 x-D}{2}$ |
|  |  |  | M1 |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Angle $D A B=110$ |  | 4 | B1 can be implied by angle $D A X=$ angle $B A X=55^{\circ}$ |
|  | Angle $B A X=110 \div 2(=55)$ or <br> Angle $D A X=110 \div 2(=55)$ or <br> Angle $A X D=55$ |  | M1 |  |
|  | Angle $A X D=55$ or <br> Angle $C B A=180-110(=70)$ or <br> Angle $A D C=180-110(=70)$ |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | 125 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $2 y--y=3-6$ <br> or <br> $x+2 x=3+12$ |  | 3 | M1 for a complete method to eliminate one variable <br> (condone one arithmetic error) |
|  |  | $x=5, y=-1$ |  | A1 $x=5$ <br> A1 $y=-1$ <br> NB: Candidates showing no working score 0 marks |
|  |  |  | Total 3 marks |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5a |  | 25 | 1 | B1 cao |
| bi |  | $n(n+2)+1$ | 2 | B1 for $n(n+2)+1$ on answer line or in table |
| ii |  | $(n+1)^{2}$ |  | B1 for $(n+1)^{2}$ on answer line or in table <br> SC : If no marks scored in (i) or (ii) award B1 for $n^{2}+$ $2 n+1$ in (b) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 6a |  | 16 to 20 | 1 | B1 Accept any unambiguous notation e.g. 16-20 |
| b | $3 \times 8+8 \times 10+13 \times 18+18 \times 20+$ <br> $23 \times 10+28 \times 4$ or <br> $24+80+234+360+230+112$ <br> or <br> 1040 |  | 4 | M1 finds products $f \times x$ consistently within <br> intervals (inc end points) allow 1 error <br> NB. products do not have to be evaluated |
|  | $\frac{3 \times 8+8 \times 10+13 \times 18+18 \times 20+23 \times 10+28 \times 4}{8+10+18+20+10+4}$ <br> or $1040 " \div(8+10+18+20+10+4)$ |  |  | M1 (dep on first M1) $\Sigma f x \div \Sigma f$ |
|  |  | 14.9 |  | A1 $14.8-14.9$ or $14 \frac{6}{7}$ <br> Accept 15 if full working shown |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 7 a | $\frac{1}{2}(14+20) \times 8$ or <br> $8 \times 14+\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 8$ |  | 2 | M1 for a complete method |
|  |  | 136 |  | A1 |
| b | $20-14(=6)$ |  | 4 | M1 |
|  | $6^{\prime 2}+8^{2}$ or $36+64$ or 100 |  |  | M1 dep on previous M1 |
|  | $\sqrt{\left(6^{\prime 2}+8^{2}\right)}$ |  |  | M1 dep on previous M1 |
|  |  | 10 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 a}$ | $224=2 \times 112=2 \times 2 \times 56=$ <br> $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 28=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 14$ <br> $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7$ |  | 3 | M1 for at least 2 correct steps in repeated factorisation <br> (may be seen in a tree diagram) |
|  |  | $2^{5} \times 7$ |  | A1 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 7 ( condone inclusion of 1) <br> NB: Candidates showing no working score 0 marks |
|  |  |  | 2 | M1 for any 3 correct distinct factors <br> (excluding 1 and 224) |
| b | $56+32+16$ <br> $56+32+14$ <br> $56+28+16$ |  | eg. $56,32,16$ <br> or 56, 32, 14 <br> or $56,28,16$ |  |
|  |  |  | A1 correct and have a sum between 99 and 110 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 9a |  | $3,6,9$ | 1 | B1 condone $\{3,6,9\}$ |
| b |  | $\{2,3,4,6,8,9,10\}$ | 1 | B1 condone omission of brackets |
| c |  | $\{6\}$ | 1 | B1 condone omission of brackets |
| d |  | 3,9 | 2 | B2 cao <br> (B1 for one of 3,9 with no incorrect numbers) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10a | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{C E}{17}=\frac{22.5}{9} \text { oe or } 22.5 \div 9(=2.5) \\ & \text { or } 9 \div 22.5(=0.4) \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 for correct scale factor |
|  |  | 42.5 |  | $\text { A1 for } 42.5 \text { or } 42 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| b | $\frac{A E}{10}=\frac{22.5}{9} \quad D E=10 \times 2.5-10$ <br> or $10 \times \frac{13.5}{9}$ or $10 \times 1.5 \mathrm{oe}$ |  | 2 | M1 for a complete method |
|  |  | 15 |  | A1cao |
| c | $2.5^{2} \times 36(=225)$ |  | 3 | M1 or for a fully correct method to find area of triangle ACE <br> (height of triangle $A B D=4.2(3 \ldots$ ) <br> height of triangle $A C E=10.5(8 \ldots)$ ) |
|  | "225"-36 |  |  | M1 (dep) |
|  |  | 189 |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 11a |  | -3 | 1 | B1 cao |
| b |  | $2 y^{3}$ | 2 | B2 cao <br> (B1 for one correct simplification) |
| c | $3 x^{2}-2 y x+6 x y-4 y^{2}$ | 2 | M1 for 4 correct terms, ignoring signs or for 3 <br> out of 4 correct terms with correct signs or <br> $\ldots .+4 x y-4 y^{2}$ or <br> $3 x^{2}+4 x y \ldots \ldots$. |  |
| d |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $3 x^{2}+4 x y-4 y^{2}$ |  | A1 cao |
|  |  | $(4 x+1)(x-2)$ |  | A1 cao |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | $5.67 \times 10^{-8} \times 5800^{4}$ |  | 2 | M1 for digits $641(6 \ldots)$ or 642 |
|  |  | $6.42 \times 10^{7}$ |  | A1 for $6.4 \times 10^{7}-6.42 \times 10^{7}$ |
| b | $T^{4}=\frac{I}{k}$ |  | 2 | M1 $T^{4}=\frac{I}{k}$ |
|  |  | $T=\sqrt[4]{\frac{I}{k}}$ oe |  | A1 Allow $\pm$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 13a |  | $p$ and $1-p$ on <br> the branches | 2 | B1 $1-p$ on LH branch <br> B1 for $p$ and $1-p$ in correct places on RH <br> branches |
| b |  | $p^{2}$ | 1 | B1 accept $p \times p$ |
| c | $p \times(1-p)$ oe or <br> $p \times$ " $(1-p) "$ or <br> $0.2 \times 0.8(=0.16)$ |  | 3 | M1 ft from tree diagram |
|  | $p \times(1-p)+(1-p) \times p$ or <br> $p \times "(1-p) "+(1-p) " \times p$ or <br> $0.8 \times 0.2+0.2 \times 0.8 \mathbf{o r}$ <br> $2 \times " 0.16 "$ |  |  | M1 ft from tree diagram |
|  |  | 0.32 oe |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14a | $x=\frac{--4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^{2}-4 \times 1 \times(-1)}}{2}$ |  | 3 | M1 for correct substitution - condone one sign error in substitution; condone missing brackets ; allow $4^{2}$; <br> NB. Terms may be simplified |
|  | $x=\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2}$ |  |  | M1 (indep) for $\sqrt{20}$ or $2 \sqrt{5}$ or $\sqrt{16+4}$ |
|  |  | 4.24, -0.236 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A1 } 4.235 \text { to } 4.24 \text { and }-0.236 \text { to }-0.24 \\ & \text { dep on M1 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Alternative scheme $(x-2)^{2}-4-1(=0)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $x=2 \pm \sqrt{5}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | 4.24, -0.236 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A1 } 4.235 \text { to } 4.24 \text { and }-0.236 \text { to }-0.24 \\ & \text { dep on M1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| b |  | 1.24, -3.24 | 1 | B1 ft (accept more than 3 sig figs) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15a | $\sqrt{1^{2}+2^{2}}$ or $\sqrt{5}$ |  | 2 | M1 |  |
|  |  | 2.24 |  | A1 awrt 2.24 |  |
| b | $\overrightarrow{A C}=\binom{1}{2}+\binom{5}{3}\left(=\binom{6}{5}\right)$ <br> or $B(4+5,3+2)$ or $(9,5)$ |  | 3 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{O C}="\binom{6}{5}+\binom{4}{2}\left(=\binom{10}{7}\right) \\ & \text { or } C(4+5+1,3+2+2) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 dep |  |
|  |  | $(10,7)$ |  | A1 cao <br> SC: B1 for $(10, y)$ or $(x, 7)$ |  |
| c | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{A E}=\frac{1}{2} "\binom{6}{5} "\left(=\binom{3}{2.5}\right) \text { or } \\ & \overrightarrow{A E}=\frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{A C} \text { or } \\ & E\left(\frac{4+" 10 "}{2}, \frac{2+" 7 "}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{O E}=\binom{4}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\binom{6}{5} \text { "or } \\ & \overrightarrow{O E}=\overrightarrow{O A}+\overrightarrow{A E} \text { or } \\ & E(" 7 ", " 4.5 \text { ") } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $\binom{7}{4.5}$ |  | A1 cao |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 16 a | $\angle A D B=90^{\circ}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| b | Position of $T$ shown on diagram |  | 30 | M1 |
|  | $\angle T D C(=\angle D B C)=50^{\circ}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $180-70-50$ or <br> $180-50-(180-110)$ | 60 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7 a}$ | $12-3 \sqrt{2}+8 \sqrt{2}-2 \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}$ or <br> $12-3 \sqrt{2}+8 \sqrt{2}-2 \times 2$ or <br> $12-3 \sqrt{2}+8 \sqrt{2}-4$ |  | M1 for any 3 terms correct of a term <br> expansion |  |
| b | $\frac{10+3 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ or <br> $\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}+3=\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}+3$ | $8+5 \sqrt{2}$ |  | A1 dep on M1 with all necessary steps shown |
|  |  | 2 | M1 for a correct method to rationalise <br> denominator |  |
|  |  | $5 \sqrt{2}+3$ |  | A1 dep on M1 with all necessary steps shown |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | $\begin{aligned} & 360 \div 9=40(\text { per cm sq) or } \\ & 360 \div(9 \times 25)=1.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & " 40 " \times 19 \text { oe or } \\ & 7 \times 40 "+6 \times 40 "+6 \times 40 " \text { or } \\ & 280+240+240 \text { or } \\ & 19 \times 25 \times \text { " } 1.6 \text { " } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 dep |  |
|  |  | 760 |  | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method $2 a \times 12+6 a \times 8=360$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & a=\frac{360}{72}=5 \text { and } \\ & 14 \times^{\prime} 5^{\prime} \times 4+12 \times{ }^{\prime} 5^{\prime} \times 4+4 \times^{\prime} 5^{\prime} \times 12 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 dep |  |
|  |  | 760 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 19a | $k x=\frac{N}{x}$ oe or $k p=\frac{N}{p}$ oe |  | 3 | M1 |
|  |  | $p=\sqrt{\frac{N}{k}}$ oe |  | A1 $p=\sqrt{\frac{N}{k}}$ or $p= \pm \sqrt{\frac{N}{k}}$ |
| b | $\sqrt{\frac{N}{k}}=2 \sqrt{N k}$ or <br> $q=k \times 2 q$ or <br> $\frac{1}{2} p=k p$ | $q=\sqrt{N k}$ oe |  | A1 $q=\sqrt{N k}$ or $q= \pm \sqrt{N k}$ oe eg. $q=k \sqrt{\frac{N}{k}}$ |
|  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 2 | M1 ft from (a) |
|  |  |  | A1 $k=\frac{1}{2}, 0.5$ |  |


| Ques | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20a |  |  | 2 | M1 $(2 x \pm 1)(2 x \pm 1)$ |
|  |  | $(2 x-1)(2 x+1)$ |  | A1 cao |
| b | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4(2 x-1)}{(2 x-1)(2 x+1)}+\frac{1}{4 x^{2}-1}[=3] \text { or } \\ & \frac{4\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)}{(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)}+\frac{(2 x+1)}{(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)}[=3] \mathbf{o r} \\ & \frac{4\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)}{2 x+1}+\frac{1\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)}{4 x^{2}-1}=3\left(4 x^{2}-1\right) \text { or } \\ & 4\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)+(2 x+1)=3(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}-1\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 4 | M1 multiply all terms by $\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)$ or correct equation with fractions with a common denominator <br> NB $\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)$ may be factorised throughout |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 4(2 x-1)+1=3\left(4 x^{2}-1\right) \text { oe or } \\ & 4\left(4 x^{2}-1\right)+2 x+1=3(2 x+1)\left(4 x^{2}-1\right) \mathrm{oe} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 correct equation with no fractions |
|  | $12 x^{2}-8 x=0$ or $8 x-12 x^{2}=0$ or <br> $24 x^{3}-4 x^{2}-8 x=0$ or $8 x+4 x^{2}-24 x^{3}=0$ |  |  | M1 correct simplified equation with all terms on one side |
|  |  | $0, \frac{2}{3}$ |  | A1 dep on M2 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |

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